5. Energy-Efficient Operation

Mindset: Be best prepared and be safe.

OBJECTIVE

Follow proper maintenance procedures for refrigeration systems to operate energy efficiently.

CHILLED-WATER SYSTEMS WITH AIR-COOLED CHILLERS

General Observations

Refrigerant

Visual condition of condenser coil: clean/needs cleaning

Visual condition of chiller and piping installation

Compressor/motor vibrations/noise

Visual condition of adiabatic cooling system (pad or mist) (if installed) for condenser air cooling

Saturated evaporating pressure kg/cm² (psig)

Saturated condensing pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Heat exchanger inlet/outlet temperatures, °C (°F)

Evaporator water inlet/outlet temperature, °C (°F)

Evaporator liquid flow, I/s (gpm)

Pressure at evaporator liquid inlet and outlet, kg/cm² (psig)

Pressure drop through evaporator, kg/cm² (psig)

Condenser air inlet/outlet temperature (TD), °C (°F)

Condenser airflow, m³/h (cfm)

Refrigerant temperature at condenser inlet/outlet, °C (°F)

Degree of superheat at inlet, °C (°F)

Degree of subcooling at outlet, °C (°F)

☐ Power Consumption Readings

Compressor power consumption

- At full load, kW/hp/(Btu/h)
- At partial load (%) kW (Btu/h)

Condenser fan power, kW (Btu/h)

Number of fans × power of each in kW = total kW (Btu/h)

VFDs, kW (Btu/h)

Belt drive loss, kW (Btu/h)

MEASURES OF SUCCESS

- ✓ Minimizing total energy use: kWh, kWh per year (Btu/h, Btu/y)
- ✓ Minimizing operation costs: energy, water, maintenance, etc.

CHILLED-WATER SYSTEMS WITH AIR-COOLED CHILLERS

General Observations

Refrigerant

Visual condition of chiller and piping insulation

Compressor/motor vibrations/noise

Evaporating pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Condensing pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Heat exchanger inlet/outlet temperatures, °C (°F)

Evaporator liquid flow, L/s (gpm)

Pressure at evaporator liquid inlet and outlet, kg/cm2 (psig)

Pressure drop through evaporator, kg/cm2 (psig)

Water temperature at condenser inlet/outlet (TD), °C (°F)

Water flow through condenser, L/s (gpm)

Water pressure at condenser inlet and outlet, kg/cm2 (psig)

Pressure drop through condenser, kg/cm2 (psi)

Condenser water pump discharge pressure, kg/cm2 (psig)

Refrigerant temperature at condenser inlet/outlet, °C (°F)

Degree of superheat at inlet, °C (°F)

Degree of subcooling at outlet, °C (°F)

Evaporator water inlet/outlet temperature, °C (°F)

□ Power Consumption Readings

Compressor power consumption

- At full load, kW (Btu/h)
- At partial load (%) kW (Btu/h)

Chilled-water pumps, kW (Btu/h)

Condenser water pump, kW (Btu/h)Cooling tower fans, kW (Btu/h)

For additional guidance and resources, see Assessing RAC Plant Sustainability.







5. Energy-Efficient Operation

Mindset: Be best prepared and be safe.

CHILLED-WATER SYSTEMS: AHUS/FCUS FOR WATER-COOLED SYSTEMS

General Observations

Visual condition of AHU insulation

Noise and vibration of the AHU/FCU

Filter condition

Cooling coil condition

☐ Measurement of Operating Parameters

Air inlet/outlet temperature (TD), °C (°F)

Water temperature at coil inlet/outlet (TD), °C (°F)

Water flow, I/s (gpm)

Water pressure drop through coil, kg/cm² (psig)

Power Consumption Readings

AHu/FCU power consumption

- At full load, kW/hp/(Btu/h)
- At partial load (%) kW (Btu/h)

VFDs, kW (Btu/h)

VRF/VRV CENTRALIZED DX SYSTEMS

□ Outdoor Unit

Main power source voltage

Operation circuit voltage

Fan noise and vibration

Fan operating current, amp

Outlet air temperature—inlet air temperature (TD), °C (°F)

Suction pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Discharge pipe temperature, °C (°F)

Compressor operating current, amp

Oil sump heater

☐ Indoor Unit

Power source voltage

Room temperature, °C (°F)

Supply air temperature, °C (°F)

Fan rotation direction

Fan noise and vibration

CENTRALIZED DX SYSTEMS: AHUS/FCUS AND AIR COOLERS FOR COLD STORES FOR DX SYSTEMS

☐ General Observations

- Visual condition of insulation on AHU
- Noise and vibration of the AHU/FCU
- Filter condition check
- Coil condition check

☐ Measurement of Operating Parameters

- Evaporating pressure, kg/cm² (psig)
- Air inlet/outlet temperature (dry-bulb), °C (°F)
- Air inlet/outlet temperature (wet-bulb), °C (°F)

□ Power Consumption Readings

AHU/FCU motor power consumption

- At full load, kW (Btu/h)
- At partial load (%) kW (Btu/h)

VFDs, kW (Btu/h)

AIR-COOLED REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS

□ Refrigeration System

Compressor suction pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Compressor discharge pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Compressor oil pressure, kg/cm² (psig)

Compressor motor current, amp

Condenser fan motor current, amp

Air-cooling unit fan motor current, amp

Ambient air temperature, °C (°F)

Airflow of ACU, m³/h (cfm)

For additional guidance and resources, see Assessing RAC Plant Sustainability.





